SAY THIS	INSTEAD OF THIS
Person with a disability	Disabled, handicapped
Accessible Physical disability	Crippled
Person with a learning disability	Retarded, slow
Native American	Native
American Indian	Indian
Indigenous, First People Inuit	Primitive Eskimo
Use the specific name of the group if known	Eskillio
Maya (person or adjective)	Mayan (this is the language)
African American, Black	Colored, Negro
Person of African ancestry Person of color	Mulatto
Mixed race, biracial	Manuto
Person of mixed Afro-European ancestry	
Latino or Latina	Chicano
Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc.	
Mexican American, Cuban American, etc. Spanish speaking	Hispanic
Brazilian	
Asian	Oriental
Indian	
Chinese Japanese	
Pacific Islander	
Self-taught artist	Outsider
African Art, Oceanic Art	Primitive, Naïve
Middle Eastern	Arab
Egyptian, Iranian, etc.	11110
Muslim (person)	Islamic (adjective, but not person)
Woman	Squaw, girl
Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender	Queer, homosexual
Sexual orientation	Sexual preference
Working Class	Lower Class, poor
Middle Class Upper Class	Elite, 1%, rich
Opper Class	Ente, 170, Fich
Irish, Scottish, British etc.	Anglo
European descent, Caucasian Immigrant	White Illegal, Refugee
Immigrant	Foreigner

Visitors First: Acknowledging Diversity

The words we use influence how we perpetuate attitudes about groups of people. We want to choose words that convey sensitivity and understanding, not to be "politically correct" but because what we say affects others.

Language of diversity is dynamic and constantly changing. Language changes as groups who have been historically oppressed speak from self-determination. Terms used to describe a group may be descriptive, but generally come from political or geographic designations. When determining how to address a person or speak about an object, take these questions into consideration:

- What do the people in question want to be called?
- What is the most precise term?
- When in doubt: ASK!
- If you are still unsure, use the most appropriate general term. (ex. Native Americans, people of color).

People First Language was created by an advocacy group for people with disabilities. People First Language means choosing kind, accurate words when speaking of this large and diverse group of people. Essentially, it means to put the person before the disability. Additionally, choose words that reflect that a person <u>has</u> something rather than <u>is</u> something. Finally, describe what a person <u>needs</u> rather than what <u>problems</u> they may have.

For example:	Instead of:
She has autism.	She is autistic.
He receives special education services.	He is a special ed child.
She is living with dementia.	She suffers from Alzheimers.